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| **Key Question 1**  **Weimar Germany, 1919-1933**  **What was the Weimar Republic?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Replaced the leader of Germany (The Kaiser) at end of WW1** * **Signed the Armistice to end the war** * **Formed in town of Weimar as Berlin was unsafe** * **Was a democracy** |

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| **Key Question 2**  **Weimar Germany, 1919-1933**  **What were the strengths of the Weimar Republic?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Bill of Rights** * **Elected Chancellor, President and Reichstag** * **Largest party became the government and made laws** * **Men and women can vote** * **Used checks and balances** |

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| **Key Question 3**  **Weimar Germany, 1919-1933**  **What were the weaknesses of the Weimar Republic?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Proportional representation** * **Article 48 (President can pass laws alone in a crisis)** * **Linked to the Stab in the back theory for signing the Armistice** * **Dubbed the November Criminals** |

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| **Key Question 4**  **Weimar Germany, 1919-1933**  **What were the main terms of the treaty of Versailles?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Land taken** * **Armed forces reduced** * **Money to pay reparations** * **Blame for starting the war**   **Germans hated the treaty and called it a diktat (dictated to them)** |

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| **Key Question 5**  **Early threats to the Weimar Republic**  **What was the Spartacist Uprising?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Communist group tried to take over in Berlin** * **Led by Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg** * **Uprising ended by Freikorp (Ex WW1 soldiers** |

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| **Key Question 6**  **Early threats to the Weimar Republic**  **What was the Kapp Putsch?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Putsch means uprising** * **Led by Dr Wolfgang Kapp in Berlin** * **Kapp led the Freikorp against the Weimar Republic** * **Army refused to fire on Freikorp** * **Ended by a general stike as Kapp had no public support** |

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| **Key Question 7**  **Weimar Germany, 1919-1933**  **What were the Nazis doing between 1919-22?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Also known as NSDAP** * **Hated Treaty of Versailles, Weimar Republic & Jews** * **Hitler became leader in 1921** * **SA. Hitler created this group to act as bodyguards. Also known as brown shirts** * **Small party to begin with** |

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| **Key Question 8**  **A year of crisis**  **Why was there a crisis in 1923?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Germany does not pay reparations** * **French occupation of the Ruhr to take raw goods as had not been paid** * **Weimar orders passive resistance in Ruhr so no goods can be made but then they make no money** * **They just print more money but that leads to Hyperinflation** * **In desperate times Hitler tries to seize power in Munich Putsch** |

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| **Key Question 9**  **The Munich Putsch**  **What happened in the Munich Putsch?** | **Basic Answer**   * **People desperate due to lost savings in hyperinflation** * **Hitler took over a beer hall that had politicians in there** * **Hitler used his SA and ex WW1 general Ludendorf to try and seize control** * **The people did not support Hitler** * **The army crushed the Putsch** |

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| **Key Question 10**  **The Nazis**  **What happened with the Nazis from 1923-28?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Hitler initially imprisoned for Munich putsch** * **Writes Mein Kampf** * **Nazi newspaper formed** * **Goebbels joins Hitler** * **Changes party into one that will now try to win votes** * **Creates Hitler Youth** * **SS formed** * **Hitler cements his leadership in the Bamberg Conference** |

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| **Key Question 11**  **Weimar Golden Years 1924-28**  **What were Stresemann’s solutions to the crisis of 1923?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Dawes Plan (loans from USA)** * **Young Plan (Spread out reparation payments)** * **Joins the League of Nations** * **Restarts production in the Ruhr** * **Signs the Locarno Pact** * **Signs the Kellog-Briand Pact** |

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| **Key Question 12**  **Weimar Golden Years 1924-28**  **What was the impact of Stresemann’s solutions?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Businesses prospered** * **Extreme politics were marginalised** * **Germany accepted in Europe again** * **Some disapproved of making deals with Germany’s WW1 enemies** |

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| **Key Question 13**  **Weimar Golden Years 1924-28**  **How did the culture change in the Weimar Republic?** | **Basic Answer**   * **More nightlife** * **Women’s liberation and freedom to wear makeup and more revealing cloths** * **New art, architecture and music** * **More houses built** * **Unemployment reduced** * **Freedom of expression** |

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| **Key Question 14**  **Weimar Golden Years 1924-28**  **What were the drawbacks in the Golden Years?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Trade Unions opposed women being paid as much as men** * **Women still not equal to men** * **Many working class still struggled** * **Radical groups resented changing culture. Called it a moral decline** * **Birth rates decreased and divorces rose** |

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| **Key Question 15**  **Rise of the Nazis, 1929-34**  **Who were the main leaders of the Nazi Party?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Adolf Hitler** * **Herman Goering (4 year plan go get Germany ready for war)** * **Heinrich Himmler (SS leader)** * **Ernst Rohm (SA leader)** * **Joseph Goebbels (Propaganda)** |

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| **Key Question 16**  **Rise of the Nazis, 1929-34**  **What were the main reasons why the Nazis became popular after 1929?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Wall Street Crash & Depression (USA recall their loans) leading to financial crisis** * **Hitler’s promises** * **Hitler’s passionate speeches** * **S.A violence and fear** * **Propaganda** * **Fear of Communism** * **Other parties could not co-operate** |

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| **Key Question 17**  **Rise of the Nazis, 1929-34**  **How did the depression after the 1929 Wall Street Crash help the Nazis become popular?** | **Basic Answer**  **Rising unemployment, poverty and homelessness created people who did not trust the main political parties anymore. People turned to extreme political parties like the Nazis and Communists for help.** |

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| **Key Question 18**  **Rise of the Nazis, 1929-34**  **How did Hitler become Chancellor in 1933?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Nazis become the biggest party (but do not have a majority)** * **President Hindenburg initially refuses to make Hitler Chancellor** * **Von Papen & Von Schleicher made chancellor but can’t control Nazis** * **Hindenburg gives in and makes Hitler Chancellor and Von Papen vice chancellor. Nazis in a coalition with Papan’s party** * **Hindenburg and Papan think they will be able to control Hitler** |

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| **Key Question 19**  **Rise of the Nazis, 1929-34**  **How did Hitler become a dictator (Part 1)?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Hitler didn’t want to be in a coalition** * **Reichstag burns down** * **Communists are blamed** * **Hitler get specials powers from Hindenburg to ban communist party** * **Hitler calls another election** * **With no communists to vote for Hitler gets an overall majority** * **No longer sharing power in coalition** |

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| **Key Question 20**  **Rise of the Nazis, 1929-34**  **How did Hitler become a dictator (Part 2)?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Hitler passes the Enabling Act (can now pass laws on his own)** * **Knight of the Long Knives (has SA leader Ernst Rohm and other threats killed)** * **Army happy with this as they disliked Rohm** * **Army swears loyalty to Hitler** * **Hindenburg dies** |

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| **Key Question 25**  **Nazis in power**  **How did the Nazis control people through fear and terror?** | **Basic Answer**   * **SS. Ran concentration camps and were the visible force on the streets** * **SD. Kept records on people** * **Gestapo. German secret police. Could arrest without reason** * **Concentration camps** * **Judges and trials controlled by Nazis** |

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| **Key Question 26**  **Nazis in power**  **How did the Nazis control religion?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Catholic Church and Nazis signed a Concordat (agreement to leave each other alone)** * **Hitler broke Concordat** * **Hitler closed Catholic schools** * **Nazis started a Reich Church. Protestants expected to go there** * **Pastor Emergency League set up by protestants to rival Reich Church** |

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| **Key Question 27**  **Nazis in power**  **How did the Nazis use propaganda?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Joseph Goebbels in charge** * **Nazis controlled all media** * **Nazis controlled radio** * **Nazi messages endlessly repeated** * **All other views censored** * **Held mass rallies to promote Nazism (Nuremburg rally most famous)** * **Sport to promote the idea of Aryan Race (Including Berlin Olympics)** |

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| **Key Question 28**  **Nazis in power**  **How did the Nazis control culture?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Removal of Weimar culture** * **All art had to be approved by the Nazi Reich Chamber of Arts** * **Architecture was based on old Greek and Roman designs to show power** * **Black & Jewish music banned** * **Traditional German music preferred** * **Mass book burnings of books Nazis did not like** * **Goebbels controlled films** |

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| **Key Question**  **Nazis in power**  **What opposition was there to the Nazis?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Some Protestant and Catholic religious leaders spoke out** * **A rival protestant church (Confessing church) set up** * **Edelweiss pirates. Some working class teenagers resisted** * **Swing Youth. Middle class teenagers listened to banned music** |

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| **Key Question**  **Nazis in power**  **How did Nazis control women?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Key policy was Kinder, Kuche, Kirche** * **Wanted women to dress traditionally** * **Nazi German Women’s Enterprise controlled all women’s groups** * **Nazis continually promoted the idea of family** * **Women to have lots of children so Germany could expand** * **Lebensborn set up. Centres for women to have children** * **Medals and financial incentives given for having children** |

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| **Key Question**  **Nazis in power**  **What youth Nazi youth groups were set up?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Hitler Youth set up for teenage boys** * **Taught military drill** * **Wanted future soldiers** * **Compulsory at start of war in 1939** * **League of German Maidens set up** * **Taught women to be mothers and companions** * **Importance of racial hygiene taught** |

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| **Key Question 21**  **Nazis in power**  **How did the Nazis control education?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Children indoctrinated (brainwashed) in schools** * **Teachers had to follow Nazi ideas** * **Sexes were separated** * **Taught of Germany’s glorious past and betrayal in WW1 & at Versailles** * **PE & science important in preparing boys for war** * **Girls taught about motherhood** |

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| **Key Question 22**  **Economy in Nazi Germany**  **How did the Nazis solve unemployment?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Jews and women removed from unemployment statistics** * **National Labour Service (RAD) set up. All unemployed men to join** * **These unemployed men had to do public work’s projects like building autobahns (motorways)** * **RAD not popular due to being compulsory** * **Rearmament in preparation for war created jobs** |

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| **Key Question 23**  **Economy in Nazi Germany**  **What benefits were there for workers?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Big businesses did well** * **Most people had jobs** * **Strength Through Joy. Workers offered cheap luxuries to keep them happy** * **Beauty of Labour. Working conditions improved** |

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| **Key Question 24**  **Economy in Nazi Germany**  **What negatives were there for workers?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Wages remained low** * **Trade unions were removed** * **Beauty of Labour. Workers had to improve own working conditions** * **German Labour Front (DAF). Strictly controlled the workers and did harsh punishments** |

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| **Key Question 29**  **Persecution of minorities**  **Which groups did the Nazis persecute?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Nazis believed they were the master race (Aryan Race)** * **Slavs from Eastern Europe. Seen as subhuman (untermenschen)** * **Gypsies. Seen to not contribute** * **Homosexuals. Seen as immoral** * **Disabled. Threated the idea of the master race** * **Jews. Seen as the biggest threat of all** |

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| **Key Question 30**  **Persecution of minorities**  **How were the Jews persecuted against?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Hatred of Jews known as anti-Semitism** * **Nazis forced a boycott of Jewish shops** * **Jews banned from professional jobs** * **Nuremburg Laws passed. (Jews no longer German citizens and Jews cannot be in a relationship with Germans)** * **Jews had to have identity cards** * **Kristallnacht** |

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| **Key Question 31**  **Persecution of the Jews**  **What happened on Kristallnacht?** | **Basic Answer**   * **Kristallnacht means night of broken glass** * **A Jew shot a Nazi politician in Paris** * **In retaliation Nazis attacked Jewish property** * **Synagogues, businesses and homes burnt down** * **Jews forced to pay for the damage** * **Some Jews sent to concentration camps** |